

HYPER TEXT MARKUP LANGUAGE


BASICS OF WEB DEVELOPMENT

AUTHOR: SAURABH SHRIVASTAVA



WHAT IS HTML?

- HTML stands for Hyper Text Markup Language
- HTML is the standard markup language for creating Web pages
- HTML describes the structure of a Web page
- HTML consists of a series of elements
- HTML elements tell the browser how to display the content
- HTML elements label pieces of content such as "this is a heading", "this is a paragraph", "this is a link", etc.



HOW DOES AN HTML LOOKS LIKE?

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>Page Title</title>
</head>
<body>

<h1>My First Heading</h1>
<p>My first paragraph.</p>

</body>
</html>
```

Example Explained

- The `<!DOCTYPE html>` declaration defines that this document is an HTML5 document
- The `<html>` element is the root element of an HTML page
- The `<head>` element contains meta information about the HTML page
- The `<title>` element specifies a title for the HTML page (which is shown in the browser's title bar or in the page's tab)
- The `<body>` element defines the document's body, and is a container for all the visible contents, such as headings, paragraphs, images, hyperlinks, tables, lists, etc.
- The `<h1>` element defines a large heading
- The `<p>` element defines a paragraph

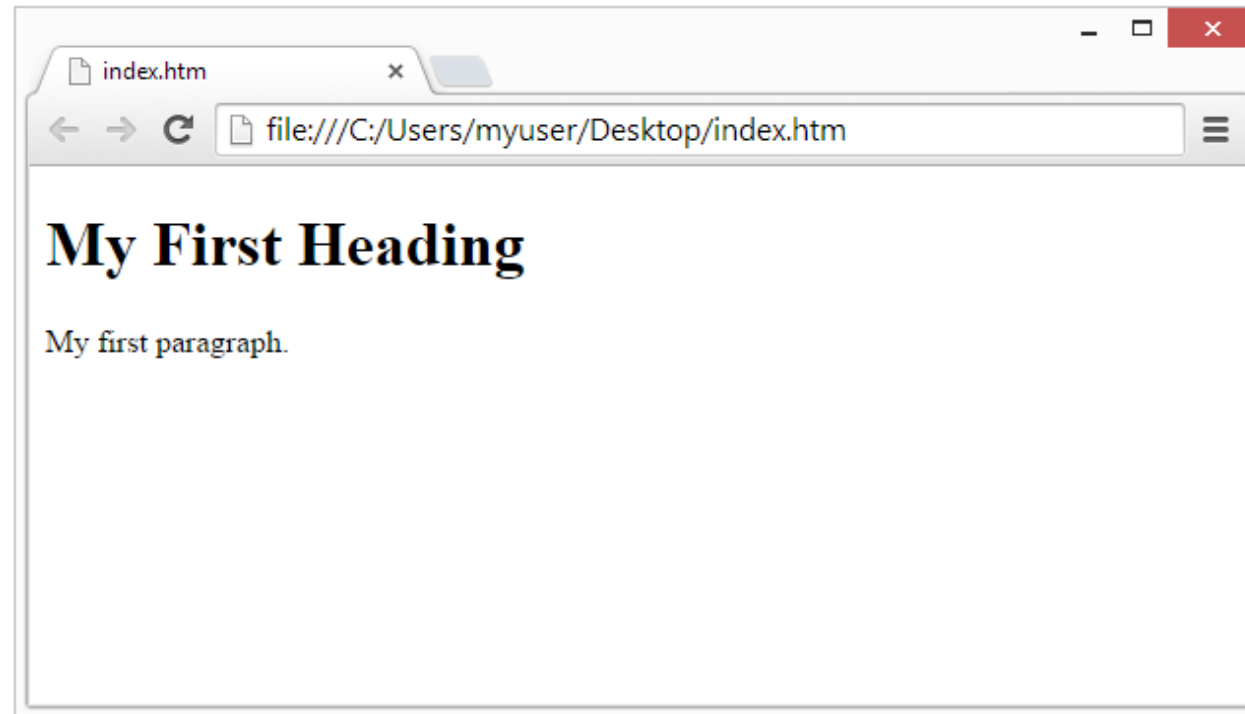
What is an HTML Element?

- An HTML element is defined by a start tag, some content, and an end tag:
- `<tagname> Content goes here... </tagname>`
- The HTML **element** is everything from the start tag to the end tag:
- `<h1>My First Heading</h1>`
- `<p>My first paragraph.</p>`

Start tag	Element content	End tag
<code><h1></code>	My First Heading	<code></h1></code>
<code><p></code>	My first paragraph.	<code></p></code>
<code>
</code>	<i>none</i>	<i>none</i>

WEB BROWSERS

- The purpose of a web browser (Chrome, Edge, Firefox, Safari) is to read HTML documents and display them correctly.
- A browser does not display the HTML tags, but uses them to determine how to display the document:



HTML PAGE STRUCTURE

```
<html>
```

```
<head>
```

```
<title>Page title</title>
```

```
</head>
```

```
<body>
```

```
<h1>This is a heading</h1>
```

```
<p>This is a paragraph.</p>
```

```
<p>This is another paragraph.</p>
```

```
</body>
```

```
</html>
```

HTML HISTORY

1989	Tim Berners-Lee invented www
1991	Tim Berners-Lee invented HTML
1993	Dave Raggett drafted HTML+
1995	HTML Working Group defined HTML 2.0
1997	W3C Recommendation: HTML 3.2
1999	W3C Recommendation: HTML 4.01
2000	W3C Recommendation: XHTML 1.0
2008	WHATWG HTML5 First Public Draft
2012	<u>WHATWG HTML5 Living Standard</u>
2014	<u>W3C Recommendation: HTML5</u>
2016	W3C Candidate Recommendation: HTML 5.1
2017	<u>W3C Recommendation: HTML5.1 2nd Edition</u>
2017	<u>W3C Recommendation: HTML5.2</u>

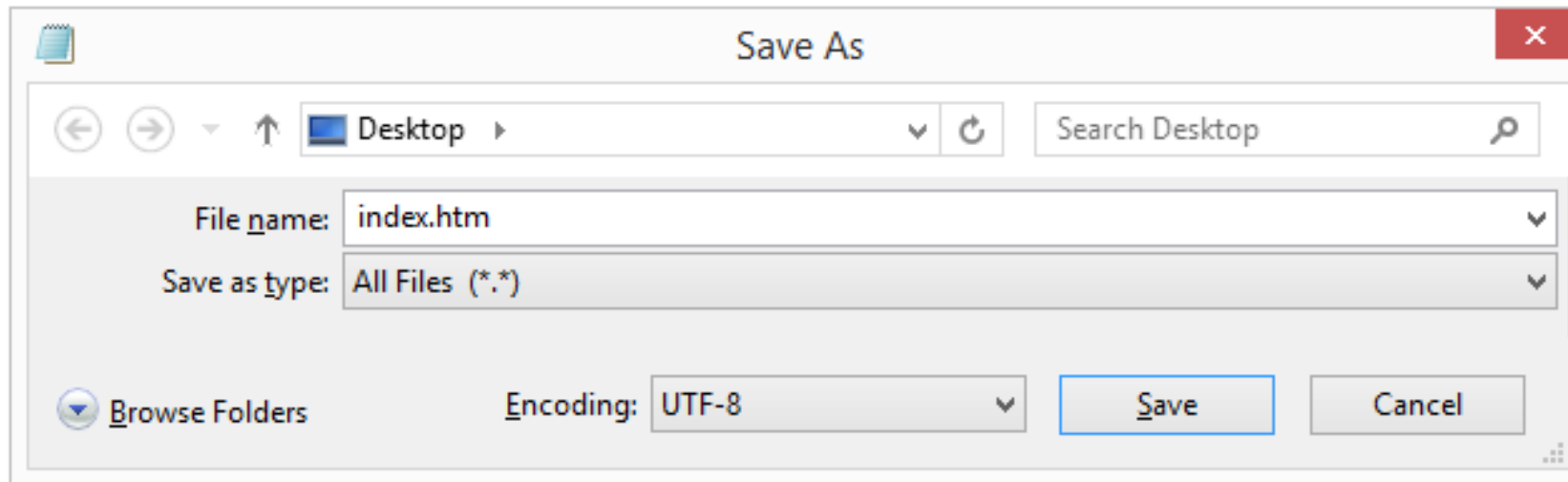
Creating HTML document

- Open Notepad
- Write Some HTML

```
<!DOCTYPE html>  
<html>  
<body>  
  
<h1>My First Heading</h1>  
  
<p>My first paragraph.</p>  
  
</body>  
</html>
```

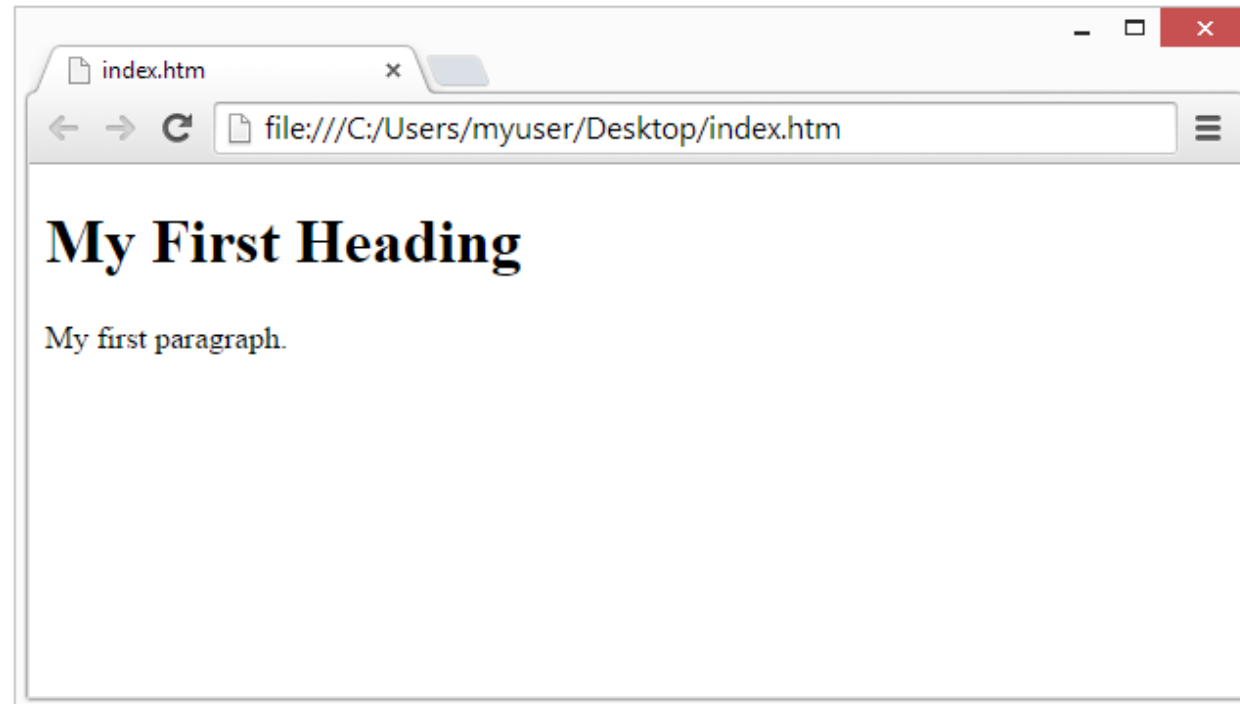
Save the HTML Page

- Save the file on your computer. Select **File > Save as** in the Notepad menu.
- Name the file "**index.htm**" and set the encoding to **UTF-8** (which is the preferred encoding for HTML files).



View the HTML Page in Your Browser

- Open the saved HTML file in your favorite browser (double click on the file, or right-click - and choose "Open with").
- The result will look much like this:





JOIN TELEGRAM CHANEL

- SCAN THE QR CODE
- OR
- [CLICK HERE](#)

